

The Newberry Herald and News.

ESTABLISHED 1865.

NEWBERRY, S. C., TUESDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1902.

TWICE A WEEK, \$1.50 A YEAR

SEPTEMBER A Record Breaker.

Sales Increased Three Thousand Dollars Over September, 1901.

HOW WELL I have succeeded and increased my business from year to year until today I stand before the people as being the biggest Dry Goods distributor in upper Carolina. I have never lowered our Standard of Quality, but I have without a doubt lowered the prices. The big wave of Traffic that swept through my Big Store this past two weeks would have put most merchants guessing. While I had not anticipated the immense business that came my way this season I was not caught napping. Assisted by my twelve employees I was able to handle the crowds which were scattered over five thousand feet of store space. Every department of my Big Store is packed and jammed from floor to ceiling, up stairs and down stairs. Come to Minnaugh's first and if I have got what you want it is yours for less price than elsewhere.



THIS STYLISH JACKET

Is made of Fine Kersey Cloth in Black Castor and Tan Lined with Satin. Full Tailor Made Perfect Fitters, would bring \$8.00 at most stores, but my price on these is Only \$5.00.

A Great Dress Goods and Silk Sale.

IT IS my purpose to have the Greatest Reduction Sale ever held in Newberry. Our buyer was too hungry for Bargains, "Bit off More Than He Could Chew." Its a forced move and means the whipping out of all profits. Don't buy your Dress Goods and Silks until you see my line. This Matchless Stock must go.

MIMNAUGH'S

Is where you will find a complete STOCK to select from.

ALL STYLISH JACKETS

HIGH NOVELTIES

...IN...

Castor, Tan and Black FROM \$3.00 UP TO \$18.00 Each.



Mimnaugh's Bargains are Blazing all over the County.

This is why our daily cash sales double and triple those of any store in this section.

ONE, TWO, THREE, CO!

5 cases Standard Calico, the price is 3c. worth 5c.
10 bales Sea Island, the price is 4c. worth 6c.
10 bales Riverside Plaids to go on sale 5c. worth 6 1/2c.

5 bales 30 in. and 36 in. Drill to go on sale 5c. worth 7c.
2 cases 36 in. Percal, the price is 6c. worth 8 1/2c.
2 cases 36 in. Percal, the price is 10c. worth 12 1/2c.
25 pcs. Canton Flannel, the price is 4 1/2c. worth 7c.
25 pcs. Canton Flannel, the price is 8 1/2c. worth 12 1/2c.
25 pcs. Red Flannel, the price is 13 1/2c. worth 20c.
100 doz. Men's Heavy Fleece Lined Undershirts for 25c. worth 50c.

We Cater to the Many and not to the Exclusive Few.

A Grand Millinery Display.

We are showing the prettiest line of Trimmed Hats ever shown in town. No fancy prices here. You know what you paid for your hats before Mimnaugh put in Millinery and you know what you pay today. "Nuff Sed." Come to us for your headgear.

Shoes By the Car Load.

Bang—go values! We've cut them to the core. Come and get your share, for there never was a chance to put better shoes on your feet, and more money back in your pocket. Buying and selling more Dry Goods and Shoes than any two stores in Newberry, and paying the money down, we naturally sell them cheaper than the other little one horse fellows.

All Get Ready And Join The Crowds. MIMNAUGH'S. The Cheapest Store in The Carolinas. MIMNAUGH'S.

MITCHELL'S REPLY TO THE PRESIDENT.

MINERS ARE WILLING TO GO EVEN MORE THAN HALF WAY

But are Chary of Operators and the Findings of a Commission Could Not be Blotting Upon the Operators of Coal Carrying Roads.

President John Mitchell of the United Mine Workers has refused to comply with the appeal of President Roosevelt to call the strike off. His letter to the President, which was made public at the White House, says the responsibility for the continuation of the strike should be placed upon those who have refused arbitration. President Mitchell's letter follows:

Wilkesbarre, Pa.,
Hon. Theodore Roosevelt,
President of the United States,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir: Hon. Carroll D. Wright has no doubt reported to you the delivery of your message to me last Monday and my statement to him that I should take your suggestion under advisement, although I did not look upon it with favor.

Since that time I have consulted with our district presidents, who concur fully in my views.

We desire to assure you again that we feel keenly the responsibility of our position and the gravity of the situation, and it would give us great pleasure to take action which would bring this coal strike to an end in a manner that would safeguard the interests of our constituents.

In proposing that there be an immediate resumption of coal mining upon conditions we suggested in the conference at the White House we believed that we had gone more than half way and had met your wishes.

It is unnecessary in this letter to refer to the malicious assault made upon us in the response of the coal operators. We feel confident that you must have been impressed with the fairness of our proposition and the insincerity of those who maligned us.

Having in mind our experience with the coal operators in the past we have no reason to feel any degree of confidence in their willingness to do us justice in the future and was much as they have refused to accept the decision of a tribunal selected by you, and inasmuch as there is no

law through which you could enforce the findings of the commission you suggest, we respectfully decline to advise our people to return to work simply upon the hope that the coal operators might be induced or forced to comply with the recommendations of your commission.

As stated above, we believe that we went more than half way in our proposal at Washington and we do not feel that we should be asked to make further sacrifice.

We appreciate your solicitude for the people of our country who are now and will be subjected to great suffering and inconvenience by a prolongation of the coal strike, and we feel that the onus of this terrible state of affairs should be placed upon the side which has refused to deter to fair and impartial investigation.

I am, respectfully,
John Mitchell,
President U. M. W. of A.

No comment was made concerning the letter of Mr. Mitchell by officials at the White House, although it can be said that the president has not exhausted all efforts in bringing about an end to the strike. Nothing can be learned as to the future intentions of the President in this matter, and it is stated that the time has not yet come to disclose the purpose of the administration.

Three cute little lion cubs were recently born in the menagerie atached to the Walter L. Main show. They are cute beyond description and are among the many attractions that will be seen when the show exhibits at Clinton, S. C., on Monday, October 20.

During the past year three baby camels have been born in this country. One in the Central Park, N. Y., Zoo; the second in the Cleveland, Ohio, Zoo and the third in the menagerie of the Walter L. Main show. The two former ones died, but that with the Main show is alive and will be seen in Clinton on Monday, October 20.

The premiums offered this year at the State Fair have been greatly increased and competition will be sharp. Be sure to get a premium list at once.

Truth does not need any proof or evidence, for the real truth is self-evident.

THE MONTHLY REPORT ON CROP CONDITIONS.

TOBACCO SHOWS IMPROVEMENT AND IS ABOVE AVERAGE.

Sugar Cane is Off a Little Bit—Rice Below the Average for Last Eight Years, But Sweet Potatoes and Apples Are Better.

The monthly report of the statistician of the department of agriculture shows the average condition of corn on October 10 to have been 79.6 as compared with 52.1 a year ago.

The preliminary estimate of the average yield per acre of spring wheat is 14.4 bushels.

The preliminary estimate of the average yield per acre of oats is 34.5 bushels a year ago.

The preliminary estimate of the yield per acre of rye is 17.0 bushels as compared with 15.1 bushels a year ago.

The average condition of buckwheat on October 1 was 80.5 as compared with 86.4 a year ago.

All of the important tobacco producing States except Ohio in which State the condition is the same as last month, report improvements in condition during September. This improvement amounts to three points in Kentucky, four in North Carolina and Tennessee, and five in Virginia. As compared with their respective ten year averages, North Carolina is seven points above, Virginia nine and Ohio 12 points above, Tennessee three points below, and Kentucky exactly the same as such average.

The average condition of potatoes on October 1 was 82.5 against 54.0 a year ago.

As to the condition of sweet potatoes, Tennessee reports 1 point, North Carolina 2 and South Carolina and Virginia 5 points above their respective 10 year averages. While Georgia reports 3 points, Texas 4, New Jersey 6, Florida 7, Louisiana 11, Mississippi 15 and Alabama 19 points below such average.

All of the important sugar cane producing States except Texas report conditions below their respective 10 year averages. This reduction amounts to 2 points in Georgia, 5 in South Carolina, 7 in Florida, 8 in Louisiana, 15 in Mississippi and 25 in Alabama, while Texas is 2 points above such average.

As to the condition of rice, Texas

reports 11 points above and South Carolina 1, Florida 5, North Carolina 8, Alabama 12, Mississippi 17, and Louisiana 23 points below their respective averages for the last eight years, while the condition in Georgia is the same as such average.

As to the condition of apples North Carolina reports 8 points, Illinois 9, Missouri 10, Pennsylvania 12, Maine 12, New York 15, Iowa 16 and Michigan 27 points above, and Ohio, Indiana 2, Virginia 9, Tennessee 11, Kentucky 19 and Kansas 21 below the mean of their October averages for the last seven years.

World's Fair News Notes.

The United States government building at the World's Fair has been reproduced in soap for a window display by a merchant at Harrisburg, Pa.

Flores de Mancillas, an artist of international repute, now residing in New Orleans, is at work upon a design for a triumphal arch, in commemoration of the Louisiana purchase.

Hot Springs, Ark., will be represented at the World's Fair by a grotto lined with Hot Springs crystals and lighted by electricity. The grotto will contain reproductions of some of the Hot Springs. Kinofoto sepia views of bath house interiors will be shown.

King Edward of England has at Sandringham one of the most complete herds of shorthorns in Europe. It is from this herd that many finely bred animals are expected for exhibition at the World's Fair. Senator Harris, of Kansas, special live stock commissioner for the World's fair, is now in Europe for the purpose, among other things, of securing a representative exhibit from the king's herds. It is said that the king's love of finely bred animals is inherited from his father whose chief diversion was the breeding of high grade stock.

If you have anything to exhibit at the State Fair send to Secretary Holway, at Pomaria, S. C., for a Premium list. Do not delay to do so.

Select specimens of your choicest grains, vegetables, finely bred stock, including poultry, for exhibition at the State Fair. A little effort on your part will secure one or more of the handsome presents.

HARD FOR CRIMINALS TO HIDE.

Wherever They May Go They Soon Become Marked Men.

(Washington Evening Star.) "Several recent sensational homicides and the active pursuit of the alleged murderers by the police in places where the crimes were committed and of the law officers in other parts of the country, call up a lot about the apprehension of criminals," said a headquarters detective sergeant.

"To the ordinary observer one would think it comparatively easy to commit a crime whether of robbery or of homicide, and escape detection, especially in a large city like New York. It would appear to be very easy in that whirlpool of humanity for a man to secrete himself, lie low, wait until the affair blew over and then seek safety in flight and oblivion in some distant part of the country. To a stranger it would seem that a man could be entirely lost from observation in New York, where one does not know the residents of his own apartment house, or even those on the same floor with him, much less the people upon the block.

"The two great reasons why such an escape is not made by the culprit lie in his lack of nerve, once blood has been shed by him, and from the further fact that we all have our little worlds in which we live, and when a stranger comes over the threshold thereof we at once detect his presence.

"Thus, while a man who had committed a crime in a large city would think himself safe in some small town or village, he becomes on the contrary, immediately an object of suspicion on the part of the residents, who, though strangers to him, are known to one another. Until this suspicion is cleared up he is a marked man, and, being a stranger, he is as rapidly picked out as a man in a uniform upon any city street.

"But in a great city, you say, he would be safe. A great city is simply an aggregation of little worlds to which I refer. If a man comes to a lodging house or a boarding house or to a hotel in any quarter of town, if he is not as he represents himself to be, his real identity is soon discovered. The same is true if he goes into the lower strata of city life; in each little world he shows himself to its inhabitants to be a stranger, and the suspicion I speak of attaches at

once to a greater or lesser degree.

"And thus are 'clues' given to the police. The stranger is discovered and reported directly or indirectly. He is not one of the regular frogs in that particular pond in which he thought he would be secure from those from whom he has fled. It is really astonishing how quickly a man is detected out of his regular environment and sphere, and the first thought of a man who has committed a crime is to get out of his regular environment and into a new and unfamiliar one to him.

"A criminal who seeks the environment of a tramp, as in several recent notable cases, is detected by the men whom he tries to simulate just as readily as a man in the lower walks of life who commits a crime, obtains money and seeks to float in an atmosphere to which he is not used. These men betray themselves and are caught, and because of this trait of human nature showing itself over and over again, the police are able to lay their hands so quickly upon offenders. They have learned where to look for their game. Like the hunted wild animal, they run in the same paths where pursued, and are quickly brought to bay or shot down.

"Each year the catching of offenders of all degrees against the law is being worked down to a fixed science. The chances of a man escaping after committing a crime have been greatly reduced during the past decade, and with each ensuing decade they will be still lessened."

The encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic for 1902, at Washington, came to a close on Friday. San Francisco is the next place of meeting. Gen. T. J. Stewart, of Pennsylvania, was chosen commander in chief for the ensuing year.

Through the medium of the State Fair all branches of industry, including live stock, have been greatly improved.

The extensive sale of fine live stock at auction during Fair week will give all an opportunity to improve their stock. Sales are positive.

Farmers! Bring or send the fruits of your labors to the State Fair at Columbia, October 28th to 31st, and you need not exclaim, "as many are heard to do every year, "I can beat that."

ANYTHING ANYWHERE.

Brief Paragraphs Giving Some of the Happenings of the World of Men.

Charles Cawley, a 17 year old boy of the Homestead, Pa., on Friday killed his mother and only sister, seriously injured four other children, and was attempting to kill his two older brothers when detected and turned over to the police. The victims were in bed asleep, the murderer using an axe, completely crushing their heads. Mental aberration, the result of the strain of perfecting an appliance for patents on air brakes, which are pending in Washington, is thought to have been the cause.

Wm. Dougherty, an employee of the government printing office, on Thursday shot and killed Miss Alice Fisher, an employee of the same office. The affair occurred at the house of a mutual friend, and was the result of jealousy on the part of the young man.

The progressive little city of Greenwood continues her efforts to secure the Columbia Female College.

Governor Odell, of New York, on Friday had a conference with President Baer, of the mine operators, in an attempt to do something towards settling the coal strike. Baer unequivocally refused to recognize the operators' union, and nothing was accomplished.

David Wilcox, vice president and counsel for the Delaware and Hudson railroad, has sent to President Roosevelt a letter demanding that the federal government proceed against the coal miners' organization on the ground that their strike in Pennsylvania is a conspiracy to prevent inter state commerce. Wilcox represents all the coal operators in the section around New York.

Hester's weekly cotton statement for the first ten days of October shows a decrease under last year of 5,000, and a decrease under same period year before last of 140,000. For the forty days of the season that have elapsed the aggregate is ahead of the same days last year 562,000. The movement since September 4 shows receipts at all United States ports to be 1,325,280 against 816,173 last year.